

IMPROVED LONGITUDINALLY FLEXIBLE EXPANDABLE STENT

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This application is a Continuation of application Serial No. 08/396,569, filed March 1, 1995, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

5 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to an endoprosthesis device for implantation within a body vessel, typically a blood vessel. More specifically, it relates to a tubular expandable stent of improved longitudinal flexibility.

10 Background of the Invention

Stents are placed or implanted within a blood vessel for treating stenoses, strictures or aneurysms therein. They are implanted to reinforce collapsing, partially occluded, weakened, or dilated sections of a blood vessel. They have also been implanted in the urinary tract and in bile ducts.

15 Typically, a stent will have an unexpanded (closed) diameter for placement and an expanded (opened) diameter after placement in the vessel or the duct. Some stents are self-expanding and some are expanded mechanically with radial outward force from within the stent, as by inflation of a balloon.

20 An example of the latter type is shown in U.S. Patent No. 4,733,665 to Palmaz, which issued March 29, 1988, and discloses a number of stent configurations for implantation with the aid of a catheter. The catheter includes an arrangement wherein a balloon inside the stent is inflated to expand the stent by plastically deforming it, after positioning it within a blood vessel.

25 A type of self-expanding stent is described in U.S. Patent No. 4,503,569 to Dotter which issued March 12, 1985, and discloses a shape memory stent which expands to an implanted configuration with a change in temperature. Other types of self-expanding stents not made of shape memory material are also known.

30 This invention is directed to stents of all these types when configured so as to be longitudinally flexible as described in detail hereinbelow. Flexibility is a desirable feature in a stent so as to conform to bends in a vessel. Such stents are known in the prior art. Examples are shown in U.S. Patent No. 4,856,516 to

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Hillstead; U.S. Patent No. 5,104,404 to Wolff; U.S. Patent No. 4,994,071 to MacGregor; U.S. Patent No. 5,102,417 to Palmaz; U.S. Patent No. 5,195,984 to Schatz; U.S. Patent No. 5,135,536 to Hillstead; U.S. Patent 5,354,309 to Shepp-Pesch et al.; EPO Patent Application 0 540 290 A2 to Lau; EPO Patent Application
5 No. 0 364 787 B1 to Schatz, and PCT Application WO 94/17754 (also identified as German Patent Application 43 03 181).

Generally speaking, these kinds of stents are articulated and are usually formed of a plurality of aligned, expandable, relatively inflexible, circular segments which are interconnected by flexible elements to form a generally tubular body which
10 is capable of a degree of articulation or bending. Unfortunately, a problem with such stents is that binding, overlapping or interference can occur between adjacent segments on the inside of a bend due to the segments moving toward each other and into contact or on the outside of a bend the segments can move away from each other, leaving large gaps. This can lead to improper vessel support, vessel trauma, flow
15 disturbance, kinking, balloon burst during expansion, and difficult recross for devices to be installed through already implanted devices and to unsupported regions of vessel.

A diamond configuration with diagonal connections between each and every diamond of each segment is also known but such closed configurations lack
20 flexibility.

It is an object of this invention to provide a longitudinally flexible stent of open configuration that avoids these problems and exhibits improved flexibility (radially and longitudinally) in the stent body segments thereof rather than in flexible joints between the segments.
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Summary of the Invention

To this end, the invention provides a tubular expandable stent, comprising: a plurality of cylindrical shaped open cylindrical segments aligned on a common longitudinal axis to define a generally tubular stent body, each segment
30 being defined by a member formed in an undulating flexible pattern of interconnected substantially parallel struts with pairs thereof having alternating interconnecting end portions to define the periphery of the expandable stent segment, and in which the connected end portions of paired struts in each segment, before the

stent is expanded, are positioned substantially opposite to connected end portions of paired struts in adjacent segments. The segments are interconnected by a plurality of interconnecting elements extending from some of the connected end portions on one segment to some of the connected end portions on adjacent segments in such a manner

5 that there are three or more legs between points of connection from one side of each segment to its other side. Additionally, the connecting elements extend angularly from connecting end portion of one segment to connecting end portion of an adjacent segment, not to an opposite connecting end portion on an adjacent segment, whereby upon expansion of the stent the adjacent segments are displaced relative to each other

10 about the periphery of the stent body to accommodate flexing of the stent within paired struts without interference between adjacent segments, rather than by means of articulating flexible connectors between segments. As a result, the connectors between the segments are not intended to flex or bend under normal use.

15 Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows a flat view of an unexpanded stent configuration according to the invention.

Figure 2 shows the pattern of Figure 1 in a tubular, unexpanded stent.

Figure 3 shows an expanded stent of the configuration shown in Figure

20 1.

Figure 4 shows a flat view of an alternate unexpanded stent configuration according to the invention.

Best Mode Description of the Invention

25 Turning to the Figures, Figure 1 and Figure 2 show a fragmentary flat view of an unexpanded stent configuration and the actual tubular stent (unexpanded), respectively. That is, the stent is shown for clarity in Figure 1 in the flat and may be made from a flat pattern 10 (Figure 1) which is formed into a tubular shape by rolling the pattern so as to bring edges 12 and 14 together (Figure 1). The edges may then

30 joined as by welding or the like to provide a configuration such as that shown in Figure 2.

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reconnecting each other end ports. The end portions are joined between the segments 20 to form segments 20 extending every of the tubular but may vary in size from one to another, although substantially parallel to left. Upward

30.

The number of interconnecting elements 20 may vary depending on circumstances in any particular instance. Three per segment are satisfactory for the configuration shown and at least three will be used typically.

5 The alternate design shown in Figure 4 includes longer struts 18a in the two end segments 16a than in the intermediate segments 16. This allows the end segments (16a) to have less compression resistance than the intermediate segments (16), providing a more gradual transition from the native vessel to the support structure of the stent. Otherwise, the configuration is the same as that shown in Figure 1.

10 As already indicated, this invention is applicable to self-expanding configurations, mechanically expandable configurations and to a wide variety of materials, including both metal and plastic and any other material capable of functioning as an expandable stent. For example, the stent may be of metal wire or ribbon such as tantalum, stainless steel or the like. It may be thin-walled. It may be
15 of shape memory alloy such as Nitinol or the like, etc.

20 The above Examples and disclosure are intended to be illustrative and not exhaustive. These examples and description will suggest many variations and alternatives to one of ordinary skill in this art. All these alternatives and variations are intended to be included within the scope of the attached claims. Those familiar with the art may recognize other equivalents to the specific embodiments described herein which equivalents are also intended to be encompassed by the claims attached hereto.

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